

I. Pièce solo

- W. A. Mozart : Concerto pour flûte en sol majeur, KV 313 – 1^{er} mouvement avec cadence

II. Traits d'orchestre : Première flûte

- J. S. BACH : Passion selon Saint-Mathieu
 - N° 58, *Aria Aus Liebe*: début jusqu'à 6 mesures après **A**
- L. v. BEETHOVEN, Ouverture Léonore n° 3
 - début jusqu'à mesure 36
 - mesure 279 à 360
- L. v. BEETHOVEN, Symphonie n° 3
 - 4^e mvmt : de mesure 172 à 200
- G. BIZET, Suite de Carmen, Intermezzo : au complet
- J. BRAHMS, Symphonie n° 4
 - 4^e mvmt : de mesure 89 à 105
- C. DEBUSSY, Prélude à l'après-midi d'un faune
 - 4 premières mesures
 - de **2** à **3**
- DVORAK, Symphonie n° 8
 - 4^e mvmt. : de 8 avant **D** à jusqu'à **E**
- G. MAHLER, Symphonie n° 9
 - 1^{er} mvmt : 22 mesures après **16** jusqu'à 36 mesures après **16**
- F. MENDELSSOHN, Songe d'une nuit d'été
 - 12 mesures avant **P** jusqu'à la fin du solo
- S. PROKOFIEV, Symphonie classique
 - 2^e mvmt : au complet
 - 4^e mvmt : 2 mesures avant **A** jusqu'à 1 mesures après **D**
- S. PROKOFIEV, Pierre et le loup
 - de **2** à **4**
 - de **8** à **9**
 - de **51** à **52**
- M. RAVEL, Daphnis et Chloé
 - solo de **176** à 1 mesure après **179**
- M. RAVEL, Le Boléro
 - début jusqu'au chiffre **1**
- G. ROSSINI, Guillaume Tell
 - 15 mesures avant **F** jusqu'à *Allegro vivace*
- C. SAINT-SAENS, Le carnaval des animaux
 - La Volière : au complet
- STRAVINSKY, Petrouchka, version 1947
 - début jusqu'à **7**
 - cadence de **60** à **61**

III. Possibilité de lecture à vue

- J. S. BACH : Passion selon Saint-Mathieu
 - No.58, Aria *Aus Liebe*: début jusqu'à 6 mesures après A

Nr. 58 Arie (Aus Liebe will mein Heiland sterben)

Solo

6

10

A

(Fine)

14

19

23

2

- L. v. BEETHOVEN, Ouverture Léonore n° 3
 - début jusqu'à mesure 36

Adagio

ff $\rightarrow$ p dim. pp p

19 stacc. e pp

23 pp cresc. fff p

29 p f f f f p

35 pp

- L. v. BEETHOVEN, Ouverture Léonore n° 3
 - mesure 279 à 360

272 Tromba Solo 4 **Tempo I** colla parte 1 p dol. cresc.

294 Tromba Solo 4 **Tempo I** colla parte E1 p dol. cresc. 12

328 cresc. sp

337 1

344 3

351 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 pp 9 p cresc.

- L. v. BEETHOVEN, Symphonie n° 3
 - 4^e mvmt : de mesure 172 à 200

Musical score for the 4th movement of Beethoven's Symphony No. 3, measures 172 to 200. The score is written for four staves. The first staff (measures 169-183) features a melody with dynamics *f*, *ff*, *p*, and *cresc. sf*. The second staff (measures 183-193) has dynamics *p*, *cresc.*, and *p*. The third staff (measures 193-199) shows a continuous melodic line. The fourth staff (measures 199-200) includes triplets and dynamics *ff*. A large bracket spans measures 172 to 200.

- G. BIZET, Intermezzo de Carmen : au complet

Musical score for the Intermezzo from Bizet's Carmen. The title is "N° 2. Intermezzo. (Prelude to Act III)". The tempo is "Andantino quasi Allegretto. (♩ = 88)". The score is for Arpa (harp) and Fl. II. (Flute II). The first staff (measures 1-2) is marked "Solo" and "pp". The second staff (measures 2-3) continues the melody. The third staff (measures 3-4) is marked "A". The fourth staff (measures 4-5) is marked "B". The fifth staff (measures 5-6) is marked "p", "p cresc.", and "f". The sixth staff (measures 6-7) is marked "mf dim.", "pp dim.", "ppp smorz.", and "2". A large bracket spans measures 1 to 7.

- J. BRAHMS, Symphonie n° 4
 - 4^e mvmt : de mesure 89 à 105

Musical score for the 4th movement of Brahms' Symphony No. 4, measures 89 to 105. The score is written for four staves. The key signature is one sharp (F#). The tempo is marked *Andante*. The score includes the following markings:

- Measure 89: *pdolce* (pizzicato dolce)
- Measure 95: *Solo* (marked above the staff)
- Measure 95: *p espressivo* (pizzicato espressivo)
- Measure 103: *pp* (pianissimo)
- Measure 105: *dim.* (diminuendo)
- Measure 105: *poco cresc.* (poco crescendo)

 The score is enclosed in large square brackets at the beginning and end.

- C. DEBUSSY, Prélude à l'après-midi d'un faune
 - 4 premières mesures

Musical score for the first four measures of Debussy's *Prélude à l'après-midi d'un faune*. The score is written for two staves. The key signature is one sharp (F#). The tempo is marked **Très modéré**. The score includes the following markings:

- Measure 1: *1^{er} SOLO* (marked above the staff)
- Measure 1: *p doux et expressif* (pianissimo, dolce, and expressive)

 The score is enclosed in large square brackets at the beginning and end.

- C. DEBUSSY, Prélude à l'après-midi d'un faune

o de 2 à 3

The image displays a musical score for Debussy's 'Prélude à l'après-midi d'un faune'. The score is written for piano and includes a vocal line. The key signature is one sharp (F#), and the time signature is 3/8. The score is divided into two main sections: the first section (measures 1-12) and the second section (measures 13-24). The first section begins with a piano (p) dynamic and a vocal line with the lyrics 'cre - scen - do'. The second section begins with a piano (p) dynamic and a vocal line with the lyrics 'léger et expressif'. The score includes various musical notations such as notes, rests, and dynamic markings. The first section ends with a double bar line and a repeat sign. The second section begins with a new key signature (two sharps, D major) and a new time signature (3/4). The score includes a section for the first solo (1^o SOLO) and a section for the second solo (2^o SOLO). The first solo is marked with a piano (p) dynamic and the second solo is marked with a mezzo-forte (mf) dynamic. The score includes a section for the first solo (1^o SOLO) and a section for the second solo (2^o SOLO). The first solo is marked with a piano (p) dynamic and the second solo is marked with a mezzo-forte (mf) dynamic. The score includes a section for the first solo (1^o SOLO) and a section for the second solo (2^o SOLO). The first solo is marked with a piano (p) dynamic and the second solo is marked with a mezzo-forte (mf) dynamic.

1^o SOLO

2^o SOLO

CLAR.

FL. SOLO

tr

mf

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

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94

95

96

97

98

99

100

- DVORAK, Symphonie n° 8
 - 4^e mvmt. : de 8 avant D à jusqu'à E

Allegro ma non troppo.

25 A 8 8 B Fag.

V.I.I. 4

ff

p

SOLO.

fz

f *dim.* *dim.* *p*

ff

- G. MAHLER, Symphonie n° 9

- o 1^{er} mvmt : 22 mesures après [16] jusqu'à 36 mesures après [16]

Plötzlich bedeutend langsamer (Lento) u. leise.
Misterioso.

ff *f* *dim.* *pp* *espress.*

pp

cresc. *f* *cresc.* *p subito*

nicht mehr so langsam.

- F. MENDELSSOHN, Songe d'une nuit d'été

- o 12 mesures avant [P] jusqu'à la fin du solo

p

sempre stacc.

cresc. *dim.*

pp

He Geist! Woh geht die Reise hin?
attacca

- S. PROKOFIEV, Symphonie classique
 - 2^e mvmt : au complet

II

Larghetto ♩ = 54

The musical score is written for a single melodic line in D major (two sharps) and 3/4 time. It begins with a tempo marking of 'Larghetto' and a metronome indication of ♩ = 54. The score is divided into measures 1 through 64, with some measures grouped by brackets and labeled with letters A through J. The dynamics range from *pp* (pianissimo) to *ff* (fortissimo), with many passages marked *molto dolce* (very sweet) or *tranquillo* (calm). The score includes various musical notations such as slurs, ties, and phrasing marks. The piece concludes with a final measure marked with a double bar line and a bracket.

Measures 1-4: *pp* molto dolce

Measures 5-8: *pp*

Measures 9-12: *pp*

Measures 13-16: *mp* *mf* *p* *mp*

Measures 17-20: *ff* senza dim. *p* subito

Measures 21-24: *mf* dolce

Measures 25-28: *pp*

Measures 29-32: senza rit. ten.

Measures 33-36: *p* *p* *pp*

Measures 37-40: *p* tranquillo

Measures 41-44: *p* *pp* tranquillo

Measures 45-48: *pp* *p* *p* dolce

Measures 49-52: *p* *pp* *p* *pp*

Measures 53-56: *p* *pp* *p* *pp*

Measures 57-60: *p* *pp* *p* *pp*

Measures 61-64: *mf* *pp*

- S. PROKOFIEV, Symphonie classique
 - 4^e mvmt : 2 mesures avant **A** jusqu'à 1 mesures après **D**

Molto vivace $\text{♩} = 152$

IV

A

B

C

D

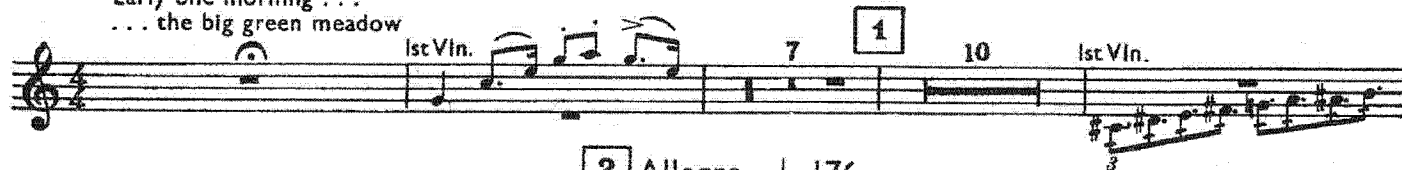
pp *pp* *ff subito* *p* *ff* *p* *f subito* *pp* *pp* *p* *f* *f* *di* *mi*

- S. PROKOFIEV, Pierre et le loup

o de 2 à 4

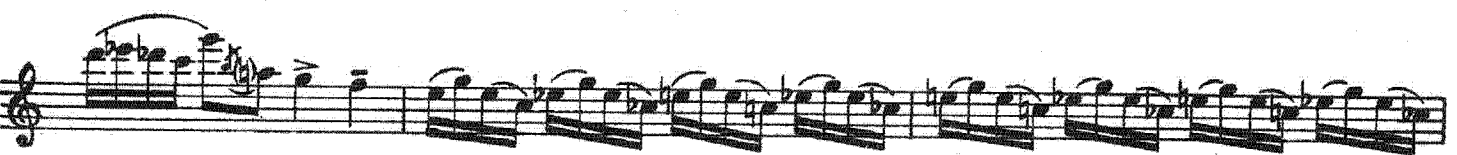
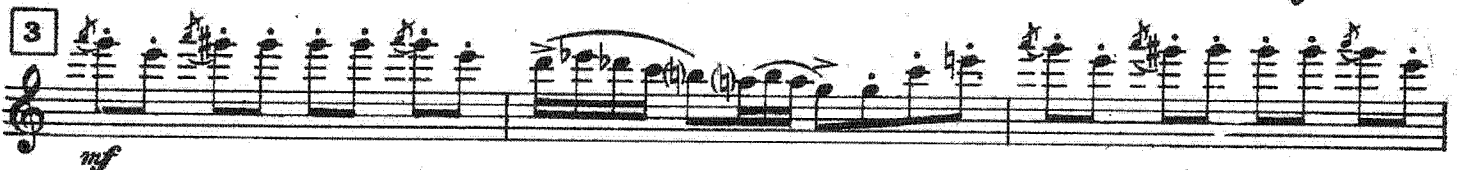
Andantino. $\text{♩} = 92$

Early one morning ...
... the big green meadow



2 Allegro. $\text{♩} = 176$

On the branch ...
... chirped the bird gaily.



4 Andantino, come prima

poco 1st Vln.

- S. PROKOFIEV, Pierre et le loup
o de 8 à 9

8

f con brio

- S. PROKOFIEV, Pierre et le loup
o de 51 à 52

51 Poco più mosso ♩ = 112

ff *mp* *p*

52

- M. RAVEL, Daphnis et Chloé
 - solo de 176 à 1 mesure après 179

Cédez 175 pte Fl. Gde Fl. Retenez 176 Très lent. Solo expressif et souple

177

Retenu légèrement

178 au Mouv! ppp f > p

Retenez 179 au Mouv! Pressez ff

- M. RAVEL, Le Boléro
 - début jusqu'au chiffre 1

Tempo di Bolero moderato assai

Solo

pp

4

1

1

2

1

2

pp

The image shows the first 16 measures of the piano introduction to Ravel's Bolero. The music is in 3/4 time. Measures 1-4 show the initial solo melody in the right hand, marked with a large bracket and the word 'Solo'. The left hand provides a rhythmic accompaniment. Measures 5-8 continue the solo melody. Measures 9-12 show the left hand taking over the rhythmic pattern while the right hand plays a sustained chord. Measures 13-16 show the left hand playing a more complex rhythmic pattern, with the right hand still holding the chord. The score includes various musical notations such as slurs, ties, and fingerings.

-
- Andante. (♩ = 76)
- 2 Engl. H.
- Engl. H.
- 1
- 2
- 3
- 4
- 5
- 6
- 7
- 8
- 9
- 10
- 11
- 12
- 13
- 14
- 15
- 16
- 17
- Allegro vivace. (♩ = 152)
- 16
- 17
- H
- Viol. pp
- pp

- C. SAINT-SAËNS, Le carnaval des animaux

- La Volière : au complet

Volière

Moderato grazioso

Quatuor

FLÛTE

Basses

p

1

2

3

4

ppp

- STRAVINSKY, Petrouchka, version 1947

- début jusqu'à [7]

Vivace, ♩=138
Solo

f ben marc.

1

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

cres - cen - do

ff

ff

• STRAVINSKY, Petrouchka, version 1947

○ cadence de 60 à 61

[60 Solo (Cadenza) Poco più mosso, ♩ = 60

p

5

a tempo, più p

p

poco

t k t k 3

t k t k 3